This Day in History... January 10, 1917

Farewell to Buffalo Bill

On January 10, 1917, famed scout and showman "Buffalo" Bill Cody died.

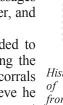
William Frederick "Buffalo Bill" Cody, was born on February 26, 1846, in LeClaire, Iowa. Following his father's death, Cody took his first job as a driver on west-bound wagon trains at age eleven. In that role, he rode on horseback alongside trains delivering messages between drivers and workmen. Cody became an accomplished horse wrangler, hunter, and "Indian fighter" by his teens.



Cody was a conservationist and supported an established hunting season.



Depicts a poster similar to those Cody used for his shows.



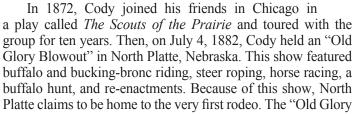
Historians doubt some of Cody's stories from his early life, believing they were

Struck by "gold fever," the 14-year-old Cody headed to California, and met an agent for the Pony Express along the way. Cody claimed he helped build several stations and corrals before working as a rider (though some historians believe he made this up for publicity in later years). He served as a scout for the Union Army during the Civil War (which earned him a made up for publicity. Medal of Honor in 1872) and went on to assist the government in its attempts to wipe out Native American resistance.

Cody competed for the exclusive right to his nickname "Buffalo Bill" while supplying meat for the Kansas Pacific Railroad workers.

He and hunter William Comstock spent eight hours shooting buffalo in a contest, which Cody ultimately won with 68 kills to Comstock's 48. In all, Cody killed over 4,000 American bison in an 18-month span.

Cody became a celebrity after meeting Ned Buntline, a writer for the New York Weekly. Buntline published an article loosely based on Cody's adventures that led to a highly successful novel, Buffalo Bill, King of the Bordermen. Cody's daring feats provided material for other newspaper reporters and dime novelists, who transformed "Buffalo Bill" into a national folk hero. Over time, 557 dime novels were written about Cody, many by authors who had never been west of the Hudson River.



Blowout" was such a success that Buffalo Bill formed his spectacular Wild West Show in 1883.



Sitting Bull and Cody became good friends during the four months he was part of the Wild West show.

It was an extravaganza featuring fancy shooting, hard-riding cowboys, parades, races, sideshows, and war-whooping "Indians." Some of the top attractions included mock battles against Native Americans, and a demonstration of Cody's marksmanship. The show's stars included sharp-shooter Annie Oakley and Chief Sitting Bull.

Extremely popular, the show lasted for almost 20 years, touring the US and even overseas. Cody's show toured Europe eight times. It was featured at Queen Victoria's Golden Jubilee in 1887 and at the World's Columbian Exposition in 1893.

Cody had passed through the northwestern area of Wyoming in the 1870s and was impressed by its development possibilities. In 1895, he helped found the town of Cody, Wyoming, and built his massive ranch about 35 miles away. At its peak, the ranch encompassed about 8,000 acres and held 1,000 cattle. Cody spent most of his final years

there until he died on January 10, 1917, at his sister's house in Denver, Colorado.



Annie Oakley received topbilling in the Wild West shows.



Cody claimed to have been a Pony Express rider at the age of 14.

This Day in History... January 10, 1917

Farewell to Buffalo Bill

On January 10, 1917, famed scout and showman "Buffalo" Bill Cody died.

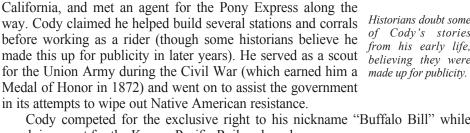
William Frederick "Buffalo Bill" Cody, was born on February 26, 1846, in LeClaire, Iowa. Following his father's death, Cody took his first job as a driver on west-bound wagon trains at age eleven. In that role, he rode on horseback alongside trains delivering messages between drivers and workmen. Cody became an accomplished horse wrangler, hunter, and "Indian fighter" by his teens. Struck by "gold fever," the 14-year-old Cody headed to



Cody was a conservationist and supported an established hunting season.



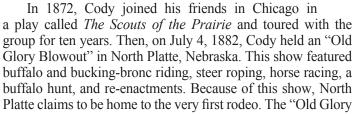
Depicts a poster similar to those Cody used for his shows.



Cody competed for the exclusive right to his nickname "Buffalo Bill" while supplying meat for the Kansas Pacific Railroad workers.

He and hunter William Comstock spent eight hours shooting buffalo in a contest, which Cody ultimately won with 68 kills to Comstock's 48. In all, Cody killed over 4,000 American bison in an 18-month span.

Cody became a celebrity after meeting Ned Buntline, a writer for the New York Weekly. Buntline published an article loosely based on Cody's adventures that led to a highly successful novel, Buffalo Bill, King of the Bordermen. Cody's daring feats provided material for other newspaper reporters and dime novelists, who transformed "Buffalo Bill" into a national folk hero. Over time, 557 dime novels were written about Cody, many by authors who had never been west of the Hudson River.



Blowout" was such a success that Buffalo Bill formed his spectacular Wild West Show in 1883.



Sitting Bull and Cody became good friends during the four months he was part of the Wild West show.

It was an extravaganza featuring fancy shooting, hard-riding cowboys, parades, races, sideshows, and war-whooping "Indians." Some of the top attractions included mock battles against Native Americans, and a demonstration of Cody's marksmanship. The show's stars included sharp-shooter Annie Oakley and Chief Sitting Bull.

Extremely popular, the show lasted for almost 20 years, touring the US and even overseas. Cody's show toured Europe eight times. It was featured at Queen Victoria's Golden Jubilee in 1887 and at the World's Columbian Exposition in 1893.

Cody had passed through the northwestern area of Wyoming in the 1870s and was impressed by its development possibilities. In 1895, he helped found the town of Cody, Wyoming, and built his massive ranch about 35 miles away. At its peak, the ranch encompassed about 8,000 acres and held 1,000 cattle. Cody spent most of his final years

there until he died on January 10, 1917, at his sister's house in Denver, Colorado.



Historians doubt some

of Cody's stories

from his early life,

believing they were

Annie Oakley received topbilling in the Wild West shows.



Cody claimed to have been a Pony Express rider at the age of 14.